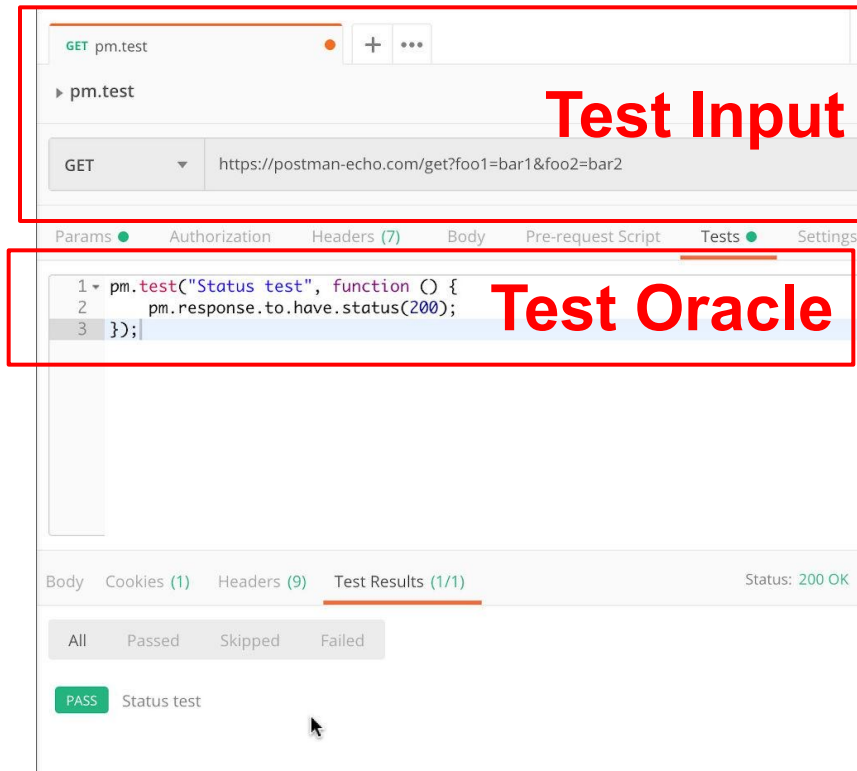


Creating System Tests for a REST API with Postman

- Testing and development framework for systems with a REST API.
 - A system interface with **endpoints** we can interact with.
 - At an endpoint, we can send HTTPS request to:
 - **GET** information that you are interested in.
 - **DELETE** the information stored.
 - **PUT** information into what is stored (ex: create a new entry)
 - **POST** information (ex: update an existing record)
- Create requests and test cases using Postman.

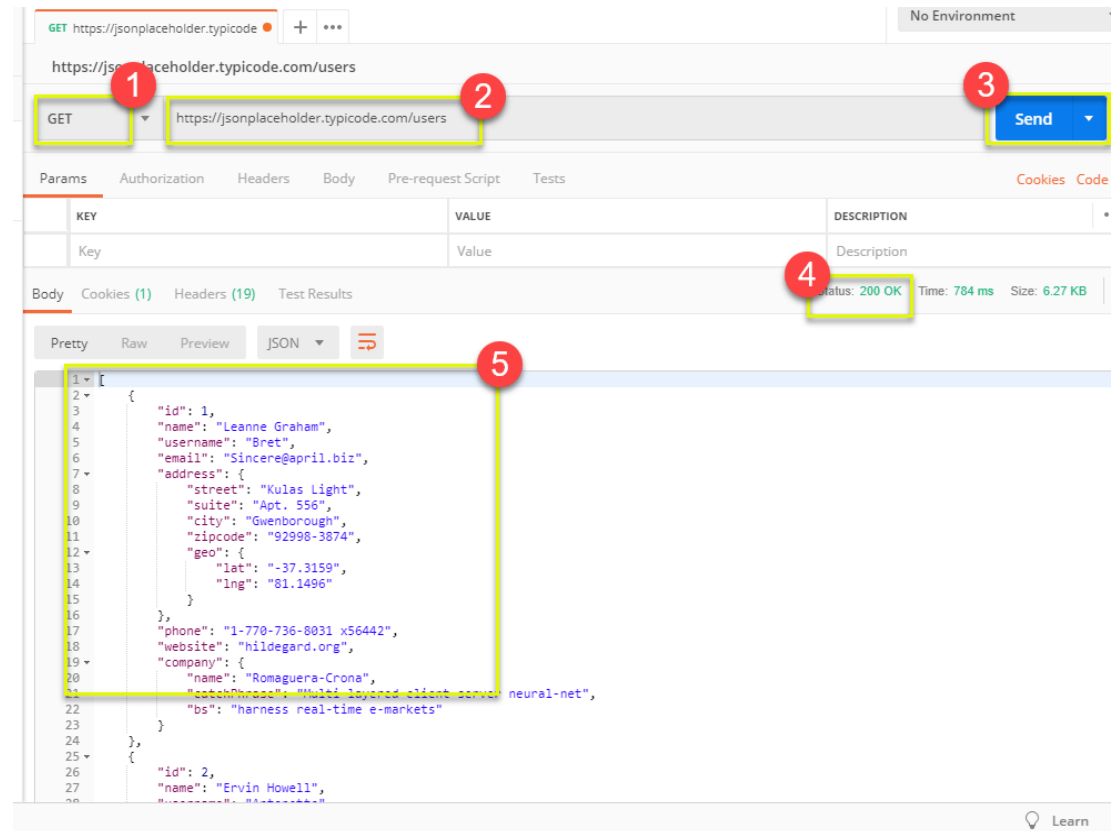
Writing Tests in Postman



- Each tab is a request.
- The request is the **test input**.
 - (GET/POST/PUT/DELETE) to an endpoint.
 - Can specify body, header, authorization, etc. for the request.
- Tests tab allows creation of **test oracles**.
 - Write small JavaScript methods to check correctness of output.

Input - GET

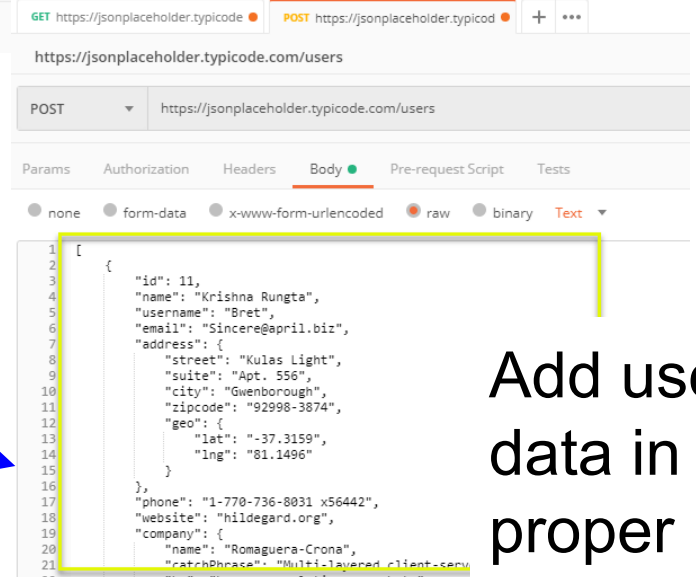
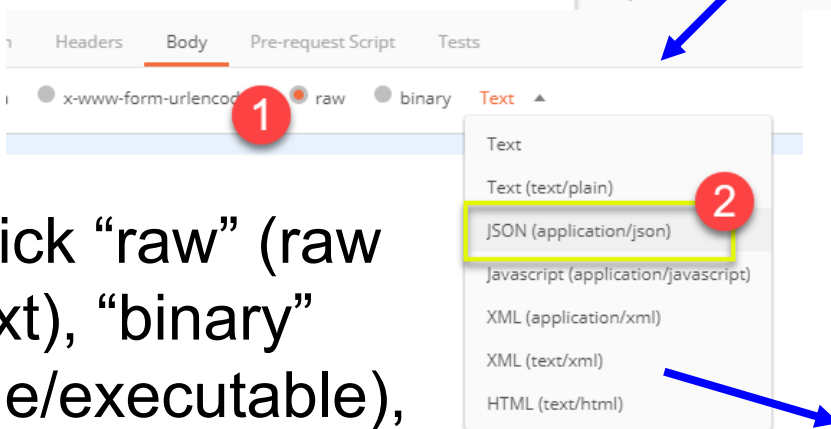
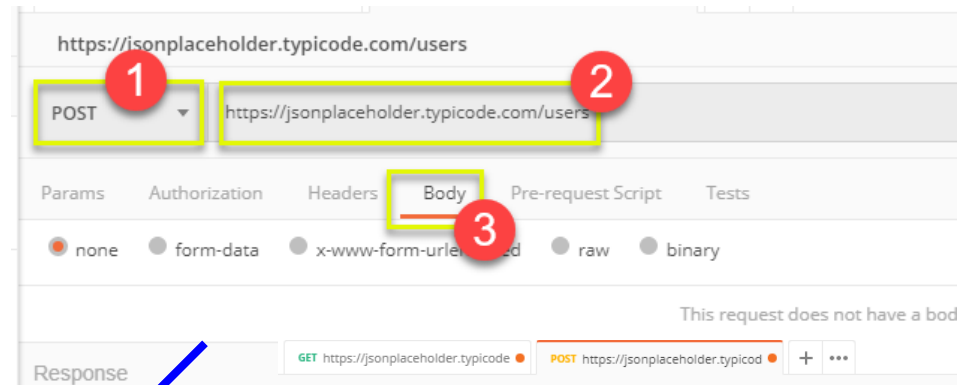
1. Select GET as the request type.
2. Set the endpoint URL.
3. Click “Send”
4. The response status is indicated.
5. The body contains the returned information.



<https://www.guru99.com/postman-tutorial.html>

Input - POST

1. Set request to POST.
2. Set the endpoint URL.
3. Select the "Body" tab.

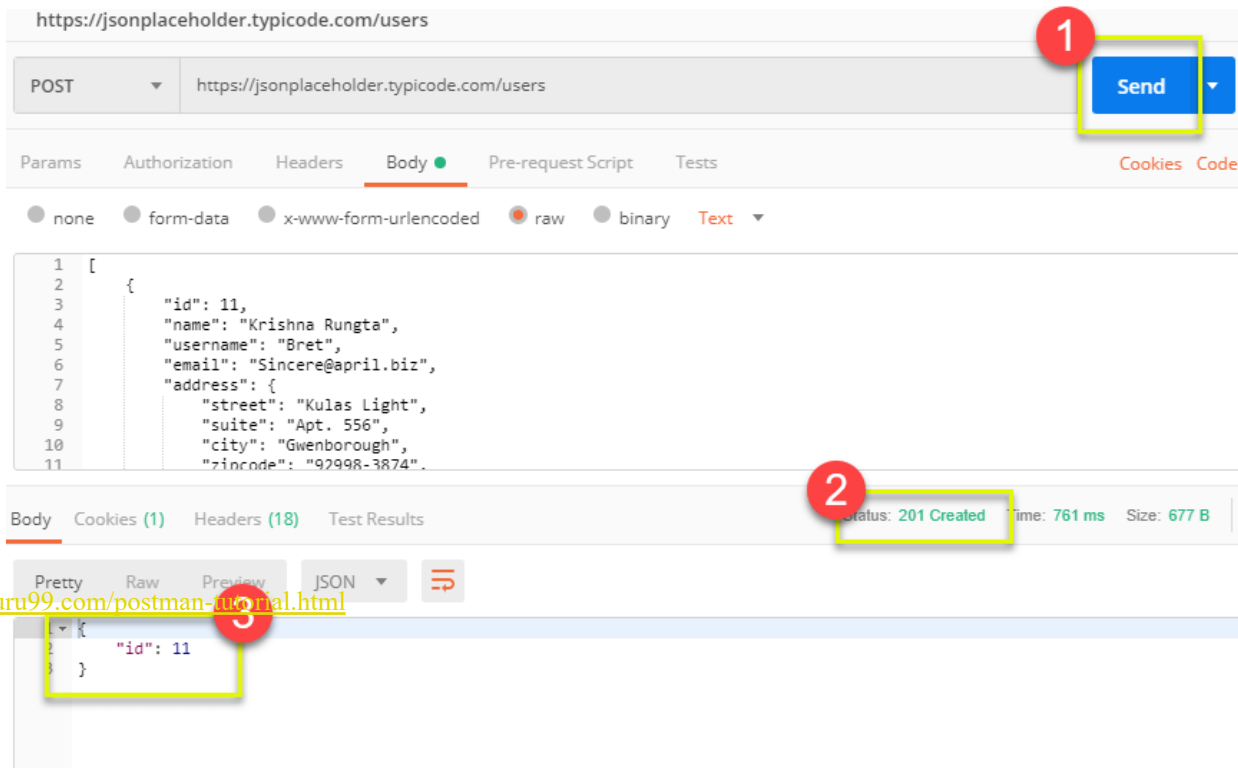


1. Click "raw" (raw text), "binary" (file/executable), etc.
2. <https://www.guru99.com/postman-tutorial.html> Select data format (JSON, XML, etc.)

Add user data in proper JSON format.

Output - POST

1. Click Send to send request.
2. Response status is indicated (201, data created)
3. Body indicates record "11" was created.



https://jsonplaceholder.typicode.com/users

POST https://jsonplaceholder.typicode.com/users

Send

Params Authorization Headers Body Pre-request Script Tests

none form-data x-www-form-urlencoded raw binary Text

```
1 [
2   {
3     "id": 11,
4     "name": "Krishna Rungta",
5     "username": "8ret",
6     "email": "Sincere@april.biz",
7     "address": {
8       "street": "Kulas Light",
9       "suite": "Apt. 556",
10      "city": "Gwenborough",
11      "zipcode": "92998-3874".
12    }
13  }
14 ]
```

Body Cookies (1) Headers (18) Test Results

Status: 201 Created Time: 761 ms Size: 677 B

Pretty Raw Preview JSON

```
{
  "id": 11
}
```

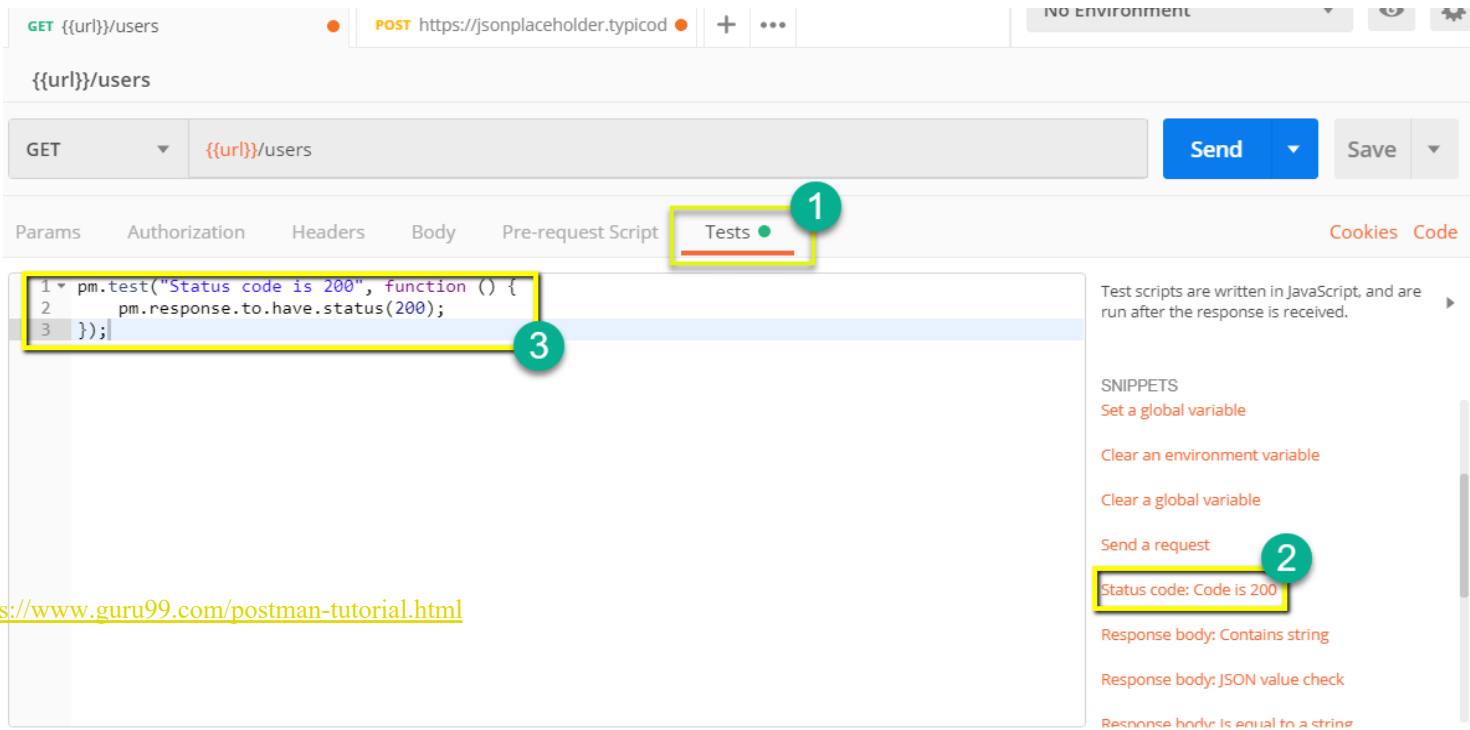
<https://www.guru99.com/postman-tutorial.html>

Creating Test Oracles

- Tests tab allows creation of JavaScript blocks used to verify results.
 - These are “test oracles”.
 - Embed expectations on results and code to compare expected and actual values.
- pm.test library gives variety of commands to make assertions on output.
 - <https://learning.postman.com/docs/writing-scripts/script-references/test-examples/> (many example scripts!)

Oracle Example - Status Check

1. Create test in “tests tab”
2. Snippets offer pre-built test oracles.
3. Example - “status code must be 200”



The screenshot shows the Postman interface for a GET request to `{{url}}/users`. The 'Tests' tab is selected, and a test script is entered in the text area:

```
1 pm.test("Status code is 200", function () {  
2   pm.response.to.have.status(200);  
3 });
```

The script is highlighted with a yellow box and a green circle '3'. The 'Tests' tab is highlighted with a yellow box and a green circle '1'. In the right sidebar, under 'SNIPPETS', the 'Status code: Code is 200' snippet is highlighted with a yellow box and a green circle '2'.

Test scripts are written in JavaScript, and are run after the response is received.

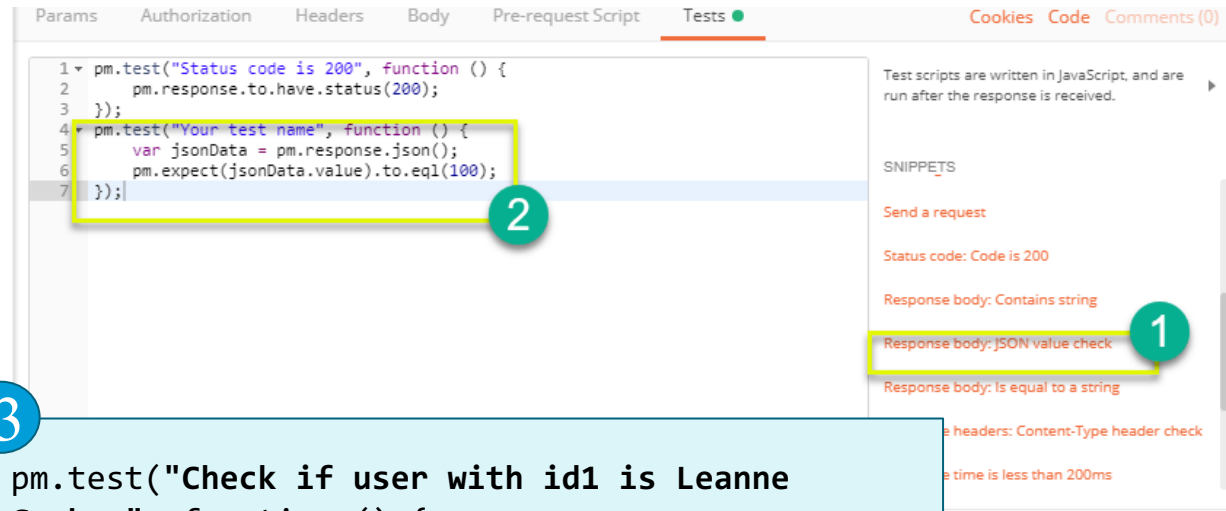
SNIPPETS

- Set a global variable
- Clear an environment variable
- Clear a global variable
- Send a request
- Status code: Code is 200
- Response body: Contains string
- Response body: JSON value check
- Response body: Is equal to a string

<https://www.guru99.com/postman-tutorial.html>

Oracle Example - Expected Value

1. Choose snippet “JSON value check”
2. This inserts generic test body.
3. Change **test name**, **variable to check** (name of the first user), **value to check** (check for name “Leanne Graham”).



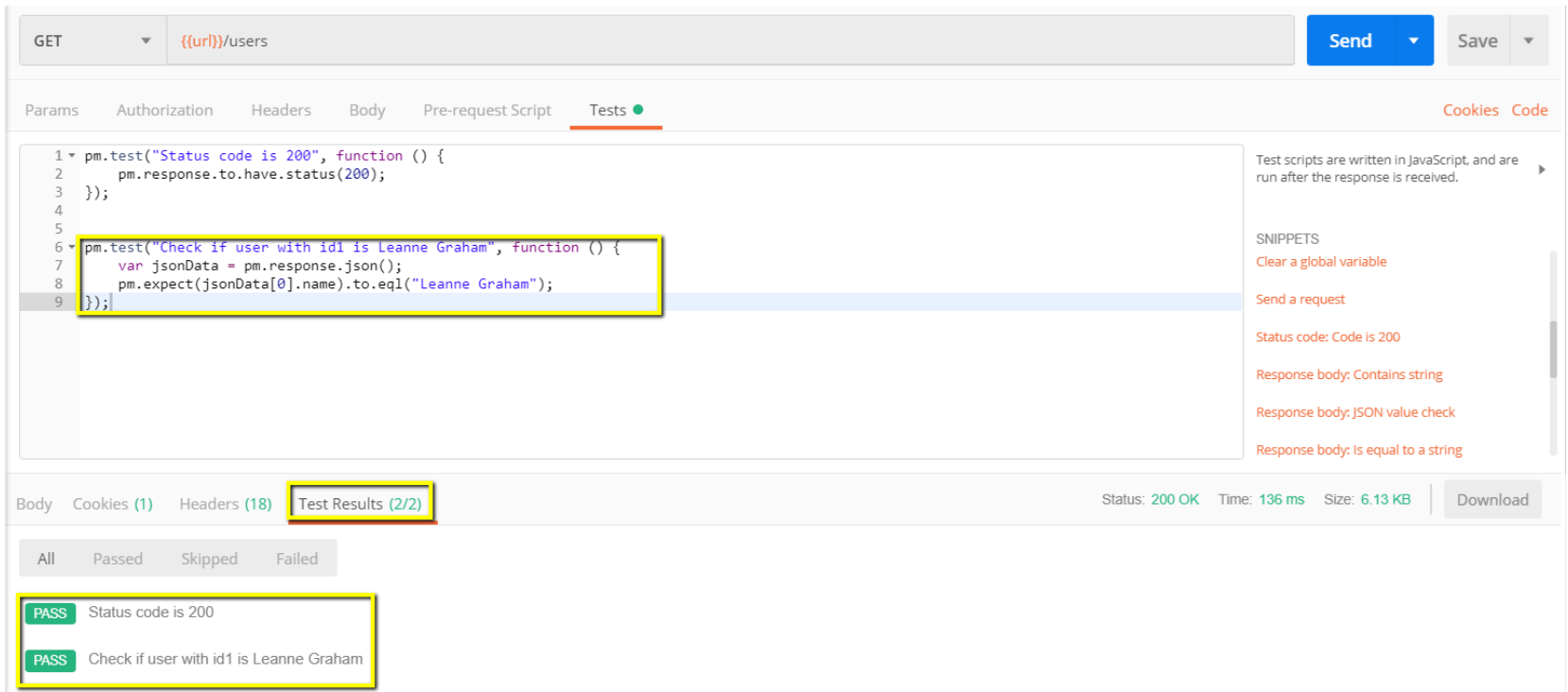
3

```
pm.test("Check if user with id1 is Leanne  
Graham", function () {  
    var jsonData = pm.response.json();  
    pm.expect(jsonData[0].name).to.eql("Leanne  
Graham");  
});
```

<https://www.gur>

Test Execution Results

Both tests should pass. Status and test names indicated in GUI.



The screenshot displays a REST client interface with a GET request to `{{url}}/users`. The **Tests** tab is active, showing two test scripts. The first test, "Status code is 200", is highlighted with a yellow box. The second test, "Check if user with id1 is Leanne Graham", is also highlighted with a yellow box. The test scripts are written in JavaScript using the `pm.test` function. The right sidebar shows snippets for clearing a global variable, sending a request, and checking the status code and response body. The bottom section shows the test results, with both tests passing. The "Test Results (2/2)" tab is highlighted with a yellow box. The status bar indicates a successful execution with a status of 200 OK, a time of 136 ms, and a size of 6.13 KB.

```
1 pm.test("Status code is 200", function () {
2   pm.response.to.have.status(200);
3 });
4
5
6 pm.test("Check if user with id1 is Leanne Graham", function () {
7   var jsonData = pm.response.json();
8   pm.expect(jsonData[0].name).to.eql("Leanne Graham");
9 });
```

Test scripts are written in JavaScript, and are run after the response is received.

SNIPPETS

- Clear a global variable
- Send a request
- Status code: Code is 200
- Response body: Contains string
- Response body: JSON value check
- Response body: Is equal to a string

Body Cookies (1) Headers (18) **Test Results (2/2)** Status: 200 OK Time: 136 ms Size: 6.13 KB Download

All Passed Skipped Failed

PASS Status code is 200

PASS Check if user with id1 is Leanne Graham

