

Using RL for Learning Bipedal Robot Locomotion

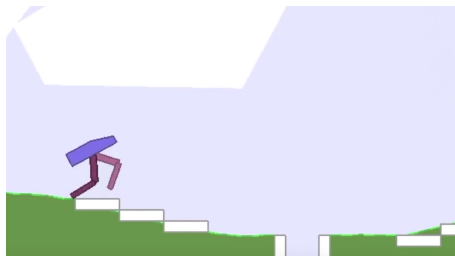
Project proposal

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1 Goals

Recently there has been an increasing interest in humanoid robots. One of the first tasks that a developer of such a robot faces is the need to make it walk.

In this project, we want to explore the use of Reinforcement Learning (RL) for making a bipedal robot walk. We will use a simulator for this work, the OpenAI Gymnasium [2]:



We want to try several different RL approaches (DQN, PPO, C51, SAC, etc.) already available in CleanRL [1], and make a comparison. This will allow the student to gain a better understanding of RL and these algorithms.

2 Work plan

The project has the following tasks:

- T1** Introduction to the robotic simulator (2 weeks).
- T2** Study RL approaches to bipedal walking (4 weeks).
- T3** Implement and make comparative evaluations between the different approaches. (7 weeks).
- T4** Write the project's report (2 weeks).

3 Expected Results

- A method that can make the robot learn to walk
- Source code and documentation of all code developed
- Project report

4 References

- [1] Shengyi Huang, Rousslan Fernand Julien Dossa, Chang Ye, Jeff Braga, Dipam Chakraborty, Kinal Mehta, and João G.M. Araújo. Cleanrl: High-quality single-file implementations of deep reinforcement learning algorithms. *Journal of Machine Learning Research*, 23(274):1–18, 2022.
- [2] Mark Towers, Jordan K. Terry, Ariel Kwiatkowski, John U. Balis, Gianluca de Cola, Tristan Deleu, Manuel Goulão, Andreas Kallinteris, Arjun KG, Markus Krimmel, Rodrigo Perez-Vicente, Andrea Pierré, Sander Schulhoff, Jun Jet Tai, Andrew Tan Jin Shen, and Omar G. Younis. Gymnasium, March 2023.